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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/612,338	07/03/2003	Hans R. Brunner	7571/80526	3790
66991 7590 01/17/2007 LAW OFFICE OF MICHAEL A. SANZO, LLC 15400 CALHOUN DR.			EXAMINER	
			GEMBEH, SHIRLEY V	
SUITE 125 ROCKVILLE, MD 20855		4	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
,			1614	
SHORTENED STATUTORY PE	RIOD OF RESPONSE	MAIL DATE	DELIVER	Y MODE
3 MONTH		01/17/2007	PAPER	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire 6 MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Action Comments	10/612,338	BRUNNER, HANS R.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Shirley V. Gembeh	1614				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply						
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION (6(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timil apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	I. lely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 13 Oc	ctober 2006.					
	action is non-final.	•				
,	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
· · ·	repaire quayie, robe e.b, re					
Disposition of Claims						
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-29</u> is/are pending in the application.						
4a) Of the above claim(s) 5-9 and 18-29 is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-4 and 10-17</u> is/are rejected.						
7)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1</u> is/are objected to.						
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.						
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.						
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).						
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	aminer. Note the attached Oπice	Action or form P1O-152.				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 						
 Copies of the certified copies of the prior application from the International Bureau 	(PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	•				
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.						
Attachment(s)						
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 4) Interview Summary (PTO-413)						
 Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 6/22/04;11/26/03;4/1/05. 	Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:					

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DETAILED ACTION

Information Disclosure Statement

The information disclosure statement (IDS) submitted on 6/22/04, 4/01/05 and 11/26/03 have been received and acknowledged.

Response to Restriction Requirement

Applicant's election without traverse of Group I in the reply filed on 10/13/06 is acknowledged. The specie election of celecoxib as the COX-2 inhibitor and ifetroban as the thromboxane A2 receptor antagonist is acknowledged and applied to the rejections below.

Status of claims

Claims 1-29 are pending in this office action.

Claims 5-9 are withdrawn by Examiner as they are drawn to a none elected species.

Claims 1-4 and 10-17 are rejected.

Claim Objections

Claim 1 is objected to because of the following informalities: The abbreviation COX-2 should be given as its full name or with the full name in parenthesis therewith when first used. Appropriate correction is required.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

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A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

Claims 1-4 and 10-1**7** are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Scolnick et al. US 2002/0016342 A1.

With regards to claim 1 the reference teaches a composition comprising a COX-2 inhibitor and a thromboxane inhibitor (see para 0008 as well as abstract), where in the COX-2 inhibitor is a celecoxib, (see para. 0013) as in claims 2 and 3 in a pharmaceutically acceptable salt (see para. 0176) wherein the thromboxane A2 inhibitor is ifetroban as in claims 10 and 11 (see para.0173). As to the instant claim 4, the celecoxib is present in an amount of 0.001-50 mg/kg. (Average weight of humans are about 70 kg if the composition is 0.5 then 0.5x 70 equals 35 mg which is within the claim limitation) in a single dose (unit) (see para 0179) and the dosage of the thromboxane inhibitor is within the claim invention per above calculation (see para 0182) as in claim 11.

Scolnick et al. teach the COX-2 inhibitor as celecoxib and the thromboxane A2 antagonist as ifetroban as in claim 12 in part wherein the composition is used to treat inflammation, (see 0014), as in claim 13, angina, a transient ischemic attack-stroke (see para. 0015) as in claim 14, pain associated with headache, muscle pain or post surgical (see para 0014) as in the instant claim 15, arthritis (see para. 0011) as in claim 16. The celecoxib is present in an amount of 0.001-50 mg/kg. (Average weight of humans are

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about 70 kg if the composition is 0.5 then 0.5x 70 equals 35 mg which is within the claim limitation) as in claim 17.

With regards to the printed matter in claim 12 and dependent claims 13-17 as addressed above

The printed matter on a label or package insert of a kit or container does not lend patentable weight as a limitation of the claimed product, composition, or article of manufacture, absent a functional relationship between the label or package insert of a kit and the product, composition, or article of manufacture of a kit or container. See In re Haller 73 USPQ 403 (CCPA 1947), where it is held that application of printed matter to old article cannot render the article patentable. In the opinion text of In re-Haller, its is stated that: Whether the statement of intended use appears merely in the claim or in label on the product is immaterial so far as the question of Patentability is concerned . . . In accordance with the patent statutes, an article or composition of matter, in order to patentable, must not only be useful and involve invention, but must also be new. If there is no novelty in an article or composition itself, then a patent cannot be properly granted on the article or composition, regardless of the use for which it is intended. The difficulty is not that there can never be invention in discovering a new process involving the use of an old article, but that the statutes make no provision for patenting of an article or composition which is not, in and of itself, new.

Also see *In re Venezia* 189 USPQ 49 (CCPA 1976), where kits are drawn to the structural attributes of interrelated component parts and not to activities that may or may

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not occur. Further, *In re Miller* 164 USPQ 46 (CCPA 1969) and *In re Gulak* (CAFC) 217 USPQ 401 relate to a mathematical device and to a measuring cup respectively as well as *In re Ngai*, 70 USPQ2d 1862 (CAFC 2004). In each of these cases, the printed matter is considered a patentable distinction because the function of the device depends upon the printed matter itself, which is a patentable distinction because the function of the device depends upon the printed matter itself, which is a part of the substrate; without the printed indicia or numbers, the substrates lose their function. Such is not the case with the instantly claimed articles or kits. The claimed articles of the kit remain fully functional absent the labeling or printed instructions for use.

Thus the instructions for use included in a kit or article manufacture constitute an "intended use" for that kit or article of manufacture. Intended use does not impart patentable weight to a product. See MPEP 2111.03: Intended use recitations and other types of functional language cannot be entirely disregarded. However, in apparatus, article and composition claims, intended use must result in a structural difference between the claimed invention and the prior art in order to patentably distinguish the claimed invention from the prior art. If the prior art structure is capable of performing the intended use, then it meets the claim. In a claim drawn to a process of making, the intended use must result in a manipulative difference as compared to the prior art. *In re Casey*, 370 F.2d 576, 152 USPQ 235 (CCPA 1967); *In re Otto*, 312 F.2d 937, 938, 136 USPQ 458, 459 (CCPA 1963).

In the instant case, the kit claims are drawn to an old article or composition, which further comprises labeling instructions. The intended use, which is recited on the

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label or package of the insert, lacks a function relationship because the insert or label does not physically or chemically affect the chemical nature within the article of manufacture, and furthermore, the old article or old composition of the kit can still be used by the skilled artisan for other purposes. Therefore the old article or composition which are comprised with the claimed kit are unpatentable over the prior art, because they function equally effectively with or without the labeling, and accordingly no functional relationship exists between the instructions for use and the composition.

Thus the claims are addressed as being drawn to an article of manufacture comprising an old composition of a kit and a package insert, the instructions on the insert bearing no patentable weight with regard to double patenting, 102 and 103 rejections.

No claim is allowed.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Shirley V. Gembeh whose telephone number is 571-272-8504. The examiner can normally be reached on 8:30 -5:00, Monday- Friday.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Ardin Marschel can be reached on 571-272-0718. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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SVG 12/27/06

ARDIN H. MARSCHEL SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER